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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/029,147	12/28/2001	Young-Goo Lee	SEC.875	5226	
759	90 05/02/2003			•	
VOLENTINE FRANCOS, P.L.L.C. Suite 150 12200 Sunrise Valley Drive			EXAMINER		
			GUERRERO, MARIA F		
Reston, VA 20	191		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2822		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		App	olication No.	Applicant(s)	
			029,147	LEE ET AL.	,
Office Action Summary		Exa	miner	Art Unit	
			ia Guerrero	2822	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this common or Reply	unication appears	on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address	••
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU nsions of time may be available under the provisic SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this corperiod for reply specified above is less than thirty period for reply is specified above, the maximum re to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three month ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. Ins of 37 CFR 1.136(a). Immunication. (30) days, a reply within statutory period will appliply will, by statute, cause is after the mailing date o	In no event, however, may a the statutory minimum of th y and will expire SIX (6) MO the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communic BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s)	filed on 28 Decer	mber 2001 .		
2a)□	This action is FINAL .	2b) This act			
3)	Since this application is in conditiclosed in accordance with the pra	on for allowance	except for formal ma	atters, prosecution as to the meri .D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	its is
•	on of Claims				
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the	e application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is.	are withdrawn fro	om consideration.		
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
=	Claim(s) are subject to rest	riction and/or elec	tion requirement.		
	The specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.			
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are		r b) objected to by	the Examiner	
٠-,	Applicant may not request that any o		•		
11) 🗍 .	The proposed drawing correction fil			` •	
,	If approved, corrected drawings are			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
12)	The oath or declaration is objected	· ·			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13)[🖂	Acknowledgment is made of a clair	m for foreign prior	ritv under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
,-	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priorit		e been received.		
	2. Certified copies of the priorit			Application No.	
* S	Copies of the certified copies application from the Interest the attached detailed Office actions.	s of the priority do rnational Bureau (cuments have beer (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	n received in this National Stage	
	cknowledgment is made of a claim		·		ation)
_a	The translation of the foreign lacknowledgment is made of a claim	anguage provisior	nal application has b	een received.	
Attachmen	_		,	· 00 · = 0 · = · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
) Notice 2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)	•		Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
O-326 (Re	ademark Office	Office Action S	ummarv	Part of Paper I	No 2

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is the First Action on the merits.

Claims 1-12 are pending.

Priority

2. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

3. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1 and 4-6 are rejected under 35·U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lo et al. (U.S. 5,783,097).

Lo et al. teaches depositing a layer on a wafer and planarizing the layer by removing a portion of the deposited layer (Fig. 2A-3B, col. 1, lines 50-67, col. 2, lines 1-25, col. 3, lines 25-45). Lo et al. discloses the resulting planarized layer comprising a

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uniform region of uniform thickness extending along a wafer surface and nearly to an edge of the wafer (Fig. 3A-3B). Lo et al. teaches a non-uniform region of non-uniform thickness corresponding to the edge of the wafer (Fig. 3A-5). Lo et al. discloses coating a photoresist layer on the planarized layer, removing a portion of the coated photoresist layer corresponding to edge of the wafer and exposing at least the non-uniform region of the planarized layer (Fig. 4-6, col. 2, lines 26-37, col. 3, lines 45-59). Lo et al. shows wet etching at least the exposed non-uniform of the planarized layer, wet etching a portion of an exposed portion of the uniform region, and stripping a remaining portion of the coated photoresist layer (Fig. 7-8, col. 3, lines 60-65). Lo et al. teaches forming a pattern layer comprising a portion of the uniform region of the planarized layer (Fig. 8, col. 4, lines 1-5).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lo et al. (U.S. 5,783,097) in view of Liu et al. (U.S. 6,287,961).

Regarding claim 3, Lo et al. does not specifically show the photoresist layer having the specific thickness as claimed. However, Liu et al. shows forming a

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photoresist layer having a thickness of from about 7000 to about 15000 angstroms (col. 9, lines 50-55).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Lo et al. reference by specifying the thickness of the photoresist layer as taught Liu et al. because the selection of any appropriated thickness for a known process is within the capabilities of a person of ordinary skill in the art.

6. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weng et al. (U.S. 5,879,577) in view of Applicant Admitted Prior Art.

Weng et al. teaches depositing a planarized layer on a wafer comprising a uniform region of uniform thickness extending along a wafer surface and nearly to an edge of the wafer (Fig. 2, col. 1, lines 10-18, col. 3, lines 30-34). Weng et al. teaches a non-uniform region of non-uniform thickness corresponding to the edge of the wafer (Fig. 2). Weng et al. discloses coating a photoresist layer on the planarized layer, removing a portion of the coated photoresist layer corresponding to edge of the wafer and exposing at least the non-uniform region of the planarized layer (Fig. 2-4, col. 3, lines 34-55). Weng et al. shows wet etching at least the exposed non-uniform of the planarized layer and stripping a remaining portion of the coated photoresist layer (Fig. 5-7, col. 3, lines 55-65, col. 4, lines 2-6). Weng et al. teaches forming a pattern layer comprising a portion of the uniform region of the planarized layer (Fig. 7, col. 4, lines 2-10).

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Regarding claims 1-2, Weng et al. does not specifically show planarizing the deposited layer using chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) process. However, Weng et al. teaches the deposited layer being planar and the method could be applied to any substrate having a top layer (col. 1, lines 15-18, col. 4, lines 5-10). In addition, Applicant Admitted Prior Art teaches depositing a layer and planarizing using chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) process (Fig. 1-2, pages 4-5).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Weng et al. reference by including the step of planarizing using chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) process as taught Applicant Admitted Prior Art. The modification would provide a process of removing an annular area around the periphery without increasing the cost (Weng et al., col. 3, lines 5-8, col. 4, lines 5-13).

7. Claims 7-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weng et al. (U.S. 5,879,577) in view of Liu et al. (U.S. 6,287,961).

Weng et al. teaches depositing a layer on a wafer comprising a uniform region of uniform thickness extending along a wafer surface and nearly to an edge of the wafer (Fig. 2, col. 1, lines 10-18, col. 3, lines 30-34). Weng et al. teaches a non-uniform region of non-uniform thickness corresponding to the edge of the wafer (Fig. 2). Weng et al. discloses coating a photoresist layer on the planarized layer, removing a portion of the coated photoresist layer corresponding to edge of the wafer and exposing at least the non-uniform region of the planarized layer (Fig. 2-4, col. 3, lines 34-55). Weng et al. shows wet etching at least the exposed non-uniform of the planarized layer, wet etching a portion of an exposed portion of the uniform region, and stripping a remaining portion

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of the coated photoresist layer (Fig. 5-7, col. 3, lines 55-65, col. 4, lines 2-6). Weng et al. teaches forming a pattern layer comprising a portion of the uniform region of the planarized layer (Fig. 7, col. 4, lines 2-10).

Regarding claims 7-12, Weng et al. does not specifically show planarizing the uniform region of the deposited layer using chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) process, the photoresist having the thickness as claimed. However, Weng et al. teaches the deposited layer being planar and the method could be applied to any substrate having a top layer (col. 1, lines 15-18, col. 4, lines 5-10). In addition, Liu et al. shows the steps of planarizing and employing a chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) process as conventional in the art (col. 3, lines 35-40, col. 8, lines 60-65). Liu et al. also shows forming a photoresist layer having a thickness of from about 7000 to about 15000 angstroms (col. 9, lines 50-55).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Weng et al. by including the teaching of Liu et al. The modification would provide a method of removing the edge bead with minimum interruption of the manufacturing process and without increasing the cost (Weng et al., col. 2, lines 10-15, col. 3, lines 5-8).

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Ku et al. (U.S. 5,773,082) teaches applying a photoresist on a wafer having a specific thickness. Liu et al. (U.S. 6,153,361), Brewer (U.S. 4,732,785), lyer et al. (U.S. 5,494,849), and Tanigawa et al. (U.S. 5,328,871) show the step of

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removing the non-uniform region on the edge of the wafer as conventional in the art.

Liaw et al. (U.S. 5,998,279) teaches performing chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) process as well known in the art.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maria Guerrero whose telephone number is 703-305-0162.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amir Zarabian can be reached on 703-308-4905. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7722 for regular communications and 703-308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

Maria Guerrero
Patent examiner
April 28, 2003